



## 1. Find game checkpoints

## 2. Answer questions by selecting one of the answers.

There are two questions at the checkpoints No 15 and No 19

## 3. Make a self-photo or team photo at checkpoint 19

## 4. Enjoy the walk!

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In the past, Bulduri district was called *Bilderliņi* (German: *Bilderingshof*). In the mid-19th century, the *Bilderliņi* became a favourite bathing area for Rīga inhabitants, where they could get by moving across the Lielupe river with a ferry. In 1920, the Latvian government included *Bilderliņi* in the newly created city of Rīgas Jūrmala. In 1922 the *Bilderliņi* were renamed Bulduri. The part of Bulduri district between the railroad and the river Lielupe was formerly called the Old Bulduri. It was a river fisherman's village, in which summerhouses were also constructed over time. At present, the Old Bulduri cottage area on the shore of the river Lielupe is a city construction monument of national importance.



### 1. Railway station "Bulduri"

Following the opening of the railway line Rīga–Tukums in 1877, Bulduri was the first staging post in the territory of Jūrmala. The existing stone building was constructed in 1947

in place of the wooden station destroyed during

World War II. It is a representative example of the traditions of the construction of railway stations in Latvia in the first half of the 20th century.

In the decor of the building's facade, a circular element characteristic of the architectural style of functionalism has been applied. **Count how many such elements are adorned with the building's facade.**

A 4    B 3    C 5



### 2. Muižas iela 2

The building was constructed at the beginning of the 20th century and is a typical example of the historic building of Jūrmala, yet with a specific mesonine roof solution in the form of a semicircle. Thanks to strict city's requirements on the height and transparency of the fence, there is an opportunity for Jūrmala visitors to admire historical architecture from outside. Look carefully at the poles of this fence, they are adorned with floral decor. **How many leaves can be counted in this decor?**

A 3    B 4    C 5

### 3. Muižas iela 1

This Jūrmala wooden house looks like a fairy-tale cottage. The interesting thing is that a small part of the building – an architectural element – is in a different colour than the rest of the house. **Which part of the building is it?**

A Door  
B Tower  
C The chimney



### 4. Vienības prospekts 12

The building is an architectural monument, built in the early 20th century. Historically, it was a residential building with stores on the first floor, as the nearby market also affected trading on the other side of the railroad. **What material has been used in the finishing of the building?**

A Wood  
B Reinforced concrete  
C Stone wall



### 5. Vienības prospekts 20

On one plot of land there are two buildings constructed in the early 20th century. Now they have been renovated and a guest house is operating here. The buildings have details specific to the historical wooden architecture of

Jūrmala, plentiful carvings, as well as house spaces without which the typical Jūrmala summerhouse cannot be imagined. These spaces are often used for afternoon tea and unhurried talks. Historically, they were open-air, but for protecting from coolness and wind, people started to put glass in the windows.

**What is the name of such a space?**

A Attic  
B Veranda  
C Basement

## 6. Intersection of Vienības prospekts and Kuldīgas iela

Road signs and signposts help people to navigate in the city. **To which object is the road sign at the intersection?**

- A To the hotel
- B To the hospital
- C To the nearest furniture store



## 7. Vienības prospekts 23

The building was constructed at the beginning of the 20th century, with rather clearly readable details of the *Art Nouveau* style. The building currently houses the Christian Academy of Latvia, where it is possible to study

theology, biblical art, iconography. The building features a corner tower with a dome-shaped roof. **What sort of geometrical ornaments has been used in a tower decoration?**

- A Circuits
- B Rombs
- C Rectangles



## 8. Vienības prospekts 24

The building is an architectural monument. The two identical buildings on the same plot of land are both constructed at the beginning of the 20th century. The buildings have

glazed verandahs that are typical of the historical wooden architecture of Jūrmala and a rich variety of ornamental wooden parts with the features of the *Art Nouveau*. The original metal fence is stored after reconstruction. The *Art Nouveau* style is depicted by the ornate half-shaped window decorines in the mezzanine. The mezzanine is a part-story in the upper part of the building. **What sort of decor appears above the mezzanine window?**

- A Flower
- B Ladybug
- C Tree



## 9. Vienības prospekts 25

At the intersection there is a building with a round flat roof typical of the 1950s. Two such pavilion-type buildings remained nowadays in Jūrmala, but in the past such construction was very popular for one particular purpose. **What's in the building?**

- A Library
- B Café
- C Art Gallery



## 10. Vienības prospekts 28

The beautiful mansion is an architectural monument. The building was constructed by the architect Eugene Laube in a modern classicism style. Building entrepreneur Ludwig Neiburg (1873–1948) had once lived here. In the

Soviet years, there was a city school and a kindergarten. The building's second-floor balcony is supported by white cylindrical-shaped poles, serving at the same time as the entrance porch decors. **How do you call these poles in architecture?**

- A Fence
- B Columns
- C Sculptures



## 11. Vienības prospekts 32

The quaint building is an architectural monument, built in the late 19th century as a residential house. In 1977, the popular youth café "Ave soll!" was located here. The style of building is called the artificial Fachwerk. **What kind of window can be seen in the roof of the building?**

- A Square
- B Circle
- C Rombic



## 12. Vienības prospekts 35

The building was rebuilt, eliminating some of the decorative elements of the facades, the early 20th-century building that now houses a confectionery, bicycle rent and a grocery. **What factory is located on the first floor of the building?**

- A Chocolate
- B Brick
- C Pie



## 13. Stendes iela 11

An architectural monument of national importance. The architecture of the building constructed in the early 20th century uses an asymmetric composition. Artistically expressive

are fence poles — columns rendered in concrete casting with beautiful crowning. **What sort of decor is seen in the crowning of the fence poles?**

- A Lion's head
- B Vase with flowers
- C Birds' nest



## 14. Tvaikoņu iela

You are currently in the historic Old Bulduri cottage district, which is a national urban monument. It is characterised by an occasional, even chaotic network of streets, formed in

the roads and trails of the ancient fisherman village, small plots and high building density. Historically, when the steamboat traffic along Lielupe river was developed, a marina was set up at the end of the the street.



### 15. Viļņu iela 3

The building, which is an architectural monument of national importance, is best viewed from the river bank. It has been built at the turn of the 19th and 20th centuries in the style of neorenaissance. The architecture of the building is complemented by a garden gazebo with an analogous roof cover and a decorative supporting wall, which also serves as a reinforcement of the Lielupe shore. While enjoying river view, answer the two questions:

The architecture of both the gazebo and the roof of the building uses the same element, a semi-sphere structure that allows the cover of a large area building without internal supports.

**What's the name of this structure?**

- A Loft
- B Cupole
- C Tower

The name of the material used in the building and fence buff, is sometimes used in the conversational language to describe a thick book or a road sign with meaning "No entry". **What is it?**

- A Log
- B Rubber
- C Brick

### 16. Tiltu iela

The route leads along the waterfront of the Lielupe river along Tiltu iela. During the summer, the riverships can be seen here, carrying passengers from Jūrmala to another big city. **Which city can you go to for a rivership ride in the summer season from Jūrmala?**

- A To Riga
- B To Ventspils
- C To Daugavpils



### 17. Intersection of Tiltu iela and Vienības prospekts (parking lot near the restaurant "Laivas")

In 1932, a pontoon bridge was built here for carriage and car traffic over Lielupa. Consequently, Vienības prospekts became the entry gates and the main traffic artery in the city. Now here is a restaurant, a sports center and a boat berth. **How many oars are displayed on the restaurant's signboard?**

- A Two
- B Three
- C One



### 18. Water amusement park "Līvu Akvaparks"

In the area, where there is now a water amusement park, a parking lot and a mall, there was once the stadium. The stadium, opened in 1969, was the largest in Jūrmala and hosted large-scale competitions, sports and resort festival. At the end of the 20th century, a supermarket was constructed instead of the stadium, and later, in 2001, the construction of an aquapark began next to it. On December 30, 2003 "Līvu Akvaparks" was unveiled. **What colors are the tubes of the aquapark, which can be seen from outside?**

- A Black, orange, red, blue, purple
- B Yellow, blue, green, red, black
- C Green, yellow, blue, brown, grey

### 19. Car bridge over Lielupe river

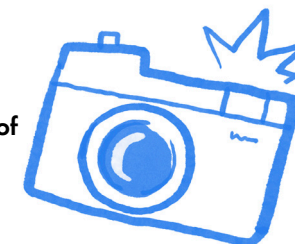
This concrete bridge for autotraffic was built in 1962. The bridge connects the shores of the Lielupe River and includes the part for the vehicles, as well as the velo and pedestrian pathways. **How many steps have to be overcome to get on the bridge from the river coast?**

- A 34
- B 28
- C 40

Under the bridge, there are different graffiti. Graffiti is a drawing or inscription created in an urban environment, such as a building wall, a wall, a fence. Today, graffiti is called one of the genres of street art, executed technically in different styles with paint spray. **What graffiti can be found under the bridge?**

- A Mushrooms
- B Horses
- C Swans

**Take a selfie or a team photo by the graffiti drawing! The photograph will be the proof of the route completing**



During the summer season, we recommend to visit Bulduri Gardening School (Viestura iela 6). Bulduri Gardening School is Latvia's oldest school with a gardening profile, founded in 1910. Over the years, many prominent gardeners, agronomists, landscape architects, florists and other specialists have graduated the school.

The vast area of Bulduru Gardening High School is shaped like a park, most of which is publicly available. Particularly glamorous are rododendry stands and flower beds, which are planted and tended according to the season. The school area contains the most modern greenhouse complex in the Baltic, where everyone can purchase locally grown plants and flowers, and a unique project in Europe – a digital garden.



### 20. Muižas iela 19

Several valuable wooden buildings can be seen in the area of the plot. The most important of them is a tower-shaping building and a unique tower decor. Other buildings have verandas that are typical of the historical wood architecture, with colored glazing, ornamental roof markings and carving parts. Currently, buildings are renovated and represent a residential complex.

**The window glazing uses colored glass called stained glass. What colors are stained-glass?**

- A Blue, yellow, red, green
- B Blue, yellow, green, violet
- C Yellow, red, orange



### 21. Muižas iela 15

A two-story wooden building was constructed in the early 20th century. The building has an asymmetric composition, a corner tower typical for Jūrmala's historical wooden architecture and a wide variety of decorative carvings. Under the address plate of the building, you can see another plaque with a symbol that is common at the buildings in Jūrmala. **What does this plate mean?**

- A A building is a cultural and historical monument
- B Video surveillance is carried out in the building
- C The building has been built this year



### 22. Muižas iela 14

An architectural monument of national importance. The building was built in the early 20th century as a residential house. At the top of the tower you can see a windshow, a decorative device for determining the direction of the wind. The wind-show of this building contains the year of its construction. **What year is pictured in the wind show?**

- A 1900
- B 1906
- C 1908



### 23. Rēzeknes pulka iela 9

An architectural monument of national importance. The building was constructed in 1915 and is one of the most expressive buildings in Jūrmala, vividly characterised by artisanal asymmetry, the use of various materials (wood, glass, stone wall, metal) and carving decorations with plant motifs. **What ornament can be seen at the mailbox by the building?**

- A Book
- B Lion
- C Horseman

### 24. Intersection of Muižas iela and Kuldīgas iela

How far is it from this intersection to the beach?

- A 1 km
- B 500 m
- C 850 m



### 25. Muižas iela 6

The building was built in 1920 and is an excellent site of historic building. By the 70 s of the 20 th century, there was a city elementary school here. Now here is a branch of Jūrmala Museum, Bulduri Exhibition House. **What can be seen in the building's basement window?**

- A Brushes
- B Kettle
- C Cats

Bulduri Exhibition House contains two halls in which art exhibitions take place. On the second floor of the house there is a workshop of the local artist Valdis Bush representing an authentic environment in which the artist has worked since 1982. The workshop exposes Valdis Bush's works – paintings, studios, watercolors. Bulduri Exhibition House is open on Tuesday–Saturday, 10.00–17.00, entry is free of charge



